

#### Fully Electronic Generation and Detection of Broadband THz pulses and Their Applications

Aydin Babakhani Integrated Sensors Laboratory ECE Department, UCLA

*Email: aydinbabakhani@ucla.edu Website: www.seas.ucla.edu/~aydin/* 

### **Terahertz Radiation: The Last Frontier**



## **Spectroscopy Applications of Terahertz**

- Video-rate vibrational spectroscopy
- Detection and identification of:
  - Narcotics and pharmaceuticals
  - Explosives
  - Biological materials

#### 600 RDX (111) 500 PETN (101) 296K 500 M 296K 260K (cm<sup>-1</sup>) $\overline{\mathbf{M}}$ 260K 230K 230K Absorption ( 300 500 200K 200K 170K 170K 140K 140K 200 110K 110K PETN RDX 80K 80K 8 100 100 50K C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>6</sub>N<sub>6</sub>O<sub>6</sub> C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>8</sub>N<sub>4</sub>O<sub>12</sub> 50K 20K 0 L 20 6K 30 40 50 60 70 20 40 50 70 10 30 60 80 Wavenumber (cm<sup>-1</sup>) Wavenumber (cm<sup>-1</sup>)

- Other Applications:
  - High-speed wireless communication
  - Security imaging
  - Skin cancer imaging

# "white powder" in an envelope











### **Conventional Laser-Based Methods**



- Mechanical scanning in two dimensions, slow process
- Time consuming alignment
- Expensive >\$100K

#### **Direct Digital-to-Impulse Radiation (D2I)**



Impulse radiation mechanism in Direct Digital-to-Impulse (D2I)

- An oscillator-less design
- Storing current in an antenna
- Disconnecting the current by a fast switch

#### **Circuit Architecture**



- Impulse shaping network
  - Distributed array of high SRF capacitors to deliver large current in short time (behaves like an ideal supply voltage)

#### **Circuit Schematic**



- Current is stored in a slot bow-tie antenna
- A fast switch turns off the current. The on-chip antenna releases the stored energy and radiates a short impulse
- An impulse shaping network is used to minimize the ringing

#### Single-Chip 4x2 D2I Array in SiGe BiCMOS



- H-tree distribution of input trigger to 8 elements
- Programmable delay generator per element

#### **Prototype Assembly**



- A chip-on-board assembly with bond wires is used
- A trigger signal fed to the chip triggers radiation of a THz pulse
- Radiation is coupled to a 25mm diameter lens with 400µm extension

#### **Time-Domain Characterization Setup**





- A fsec-laser-based THz-TDS system is used to characterize the array chip
- A fully electronic chip is used as the emitter in a THz-TDS system

#### **Measured Time-Domain Waveforms**



- 300fs delay resolution
- Amplitude modulation capability

#### **Frequency-Domain Characterization Setup**



#### **Frequency-Domain Characterization Results**





2-Hz spectral line-width at 0.75THz

#### **Radiation Pattern Measurements**



 Directivities of 22dB, 24dB and 28dB at 0.33THz, 0.57THz and 0.75THz, respectively

### **Array Chip Micrograph**



- Process technology: 90nm SiGe BiCMOS
- A single element only occupies 300µm x 650µm
- Second Best Paper Award in IEEE APS 2016

#### **Single-Chip Direct Digital-to-Impulse Radiation**



- Best Paper Award in IEEE IMS 2014
- Process technology: 130nm SiGe BiCMOS
- A single element occupies 550µm x 850µm
- Time-domain characterization is used with Advantest fsec detector setup

#### **Raw Received Signal on the Spectrum Analyzer**



# **A Single-Chip THz Source**



- Expensive ~\$100K
- Bulky ~ 1m
- Slow ~ 100MHz rep. rate
- Not scalable to array
- Requires a fsec laser



- Low-cost ~ few \$
- Small ~ 1mm
- Fast ~ 10GHz rep. rate
- Scalable
- No need for laser. Operates with a digital trigger.

#### **THz Rotational Spectroscopy**



- Polar molecules such as H2S, CO2, H2O, NH3, …
- Explosives (e.g. RDX and HMX)
- Narcotics
- Large molecules



#### **Gas Cell**



- Aluminum tube with 50mm diameter and 150mm length with Teflon lens windows on both sides
- Controlled pressure
- Received power is measured in two cases:
  - Gas cell is filled with the target gas
  - Gas cell is filled with pure nitrogen

#### **Gas Spectroscopy Measurement Results**

- NH<sub>3</sub> at 572GHz
  - 1% concentration
  - Pressure varied to demonstrate broadening effect



50% humidity (0.75% concentration)



#### **THz Hyper-Spectral Imaging Setup**



- Setup:
  - Four off-axis parabolic mirrors focus the beam on the sample
  - A 2D translation stage
- Spectral information: 0.03-1.03THz

#### Image at 330GHz



Materials: metal and plastic

#### Image at 609GHz



Materials: metal, empty and filled cellulose capsules

### Hyper-Spectral Imaging (100GHz-1.2THz)



- Sample size: 25mm x 25mm, thickness: 5mm
- Transmission imaging, resolution~500µm

#### **THz Micro-Doppler Radar with A Comb Source**



#### **THz Micro-Doppler Measurements**

![](_page_26_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_26_Figure_2.jpeg)

![](_page_26_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_26_Figure_4.jpeg)

### **Vibration Sensing and Micro-Doppler**

![](_page_27_Figure_1.jpeg)

Key Enabler: Ultra-stable THz Tone Generation and Detection 2Hz line-width at 1.1THz, 2ppt!

### **Long Distance Propagation of THz Pulses**

![](_page_28_Figure_1.jpeg)

We have measured up to a distance of 112m at 1.1THz

### **Broadband Dual-Comb Spectroscopy**

![](_page_29_Figure_1.jpeg)

- Slight difference between RF and LO repetition rates
- Compressing the signal down to low frequencies

### **Broadband Comb Detector**

![](_page_30_Figure_1.jpeg)

- Fabricated in TSMC 65nm CMOS process
- Die area = 0.56mm<sup>2</sup>, P<sub>dc</sub> = 34mW

### **Dual Comb Experimental Setup**

![](_page_31_Figure_1.jpeg)

- Broadband 50-280GHz detection with 2Hz line-width is done with a low-power receiver chip (34mW)
- Combination of the TX and RX chips can be used as a broadband scalar network analyzer (imagine a sub-\$1k network analyzer that covers 50-280GHz)

![](_page_31_Figure_4.jpeg)

### **Future Directions**

#### **Medical Imaging and Spectroscopy**

![](_page_32_Figure_2.jpeg)

THz image

![](_page_32_Picture_3.jpeg)

Visible Image

![](_page_32_Picture_4.jpeg)

#### Gesture Recognition and Micro-Doppler

![](_page_32_Picture_6.jpeg)

#### 1Tbits/sec Wireless Communication over 100m

![](_page_32_Figure_8.jpeg)

Broadband Remote Sensing of Materials, Objects, and Vibrations

![](_page_32_Figure_10.jpeg)

# **Thank You**